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TECHSPEC® HIGH RESOLUTION LENSES FOR 1" AND 4/3" SENSORS #86-574 • 50mm

Our TECHSPEC® High Resolution Lenses for 1" and 4/3" Sensors are designed for the harsh demands of industrial inspection applications and are ideal for use in factory automation, inspection or qualification. These fixed focal length lenses feature a locking focus and iris rings to prevent unwanted adjustments, and a front filter thread for integrating standard optical filters.



Focal Length:	50mm			
Minimum Working Distance ¹ :	200mm			
Focus Range¹ (lockable):	200mm — ∞			
Length at Near Focus:	72.6mm			
Length at Far Focus:	60.5mm			
Filter Thread:	M37.5 x 0.5			
Max. Sensor Format:	4/3"			
Camera Mount:	C-mount			

Aperture (f/#):	f/1.8 - f/16, lockable			
Magnification Range:	0X — 0.25X			
Distortion ² :	<1%			
Object Space NA ² :	0.026			
No. of Elements (Groups):	7 (5)			
AR Coating:	1⁄4λ MgF₂ @550nm			
Weight:	295g			

Sensor Si	1/2,5	n	1/2"	1/1.8"	2/3"	Sony 2/3" *	1"	1" Sq †	4/3"
Field of Vi	v ³ 23.5mm	- 6.5° 2	26.3mm - 7.3°	29.6mm - 8.2°	36.3mm - 10.1°	34.8mm - 9.7°	52.9mm - 14.6°	46.4mm - 12.8°	75.1mm - 20.5°

1. From front of housing

2. At 500mm W.D.

3. Horizontal FOV on standard 4:3 sensor format

†1" 1:1 aspect ratio sensor *6:5 aspect ratio

Specifications subject to change

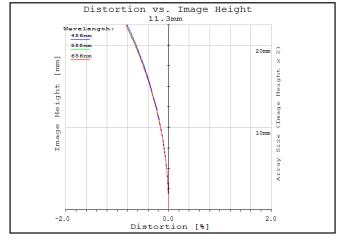


Figure 1: Distortion at the maximum sensor format. Postive values correspond to pincushion distortion, negative values correspond to barrel distortion.

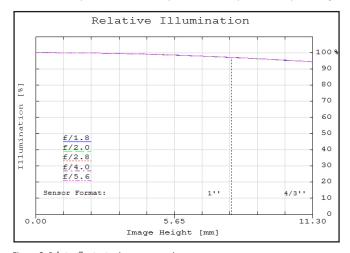


Figure 2: Relative illumination (center to corner)

In both plots, field points corresponding to the image circle of common sensor formats are included. Plots represent theoretical values from lens design software. Actual lens performance varies due to manufacturing tolerances.



MTF & DOF: f/2.8 WD: 500mm

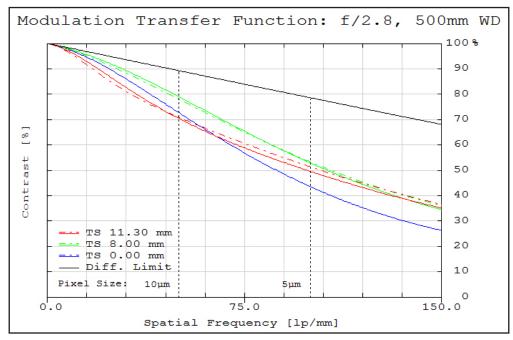


Figure 3: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for $\lambda = 486$ nm to 656nm. Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by f/#-defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

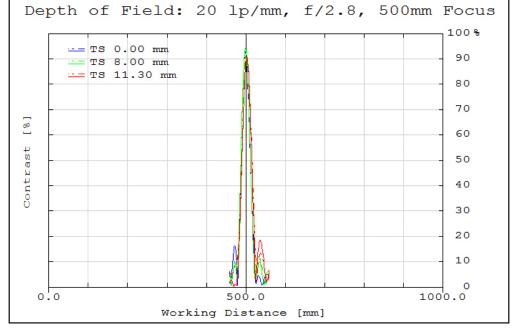


Figure 4: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). Contrast is plotted to two times the focus distance. Note object spatial frequency changes with working distance.



MTF & DOF: f/4.0 WD: 500mm

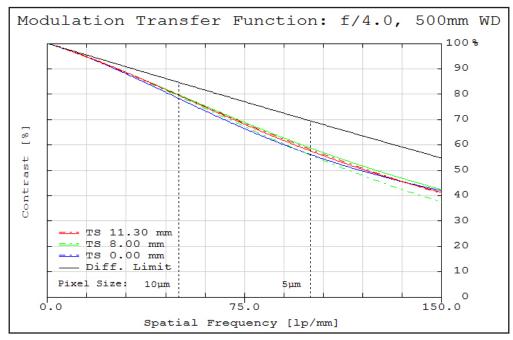


Figure 5: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for $\lambda = 486$ nm to 656nm. Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by f/#-defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

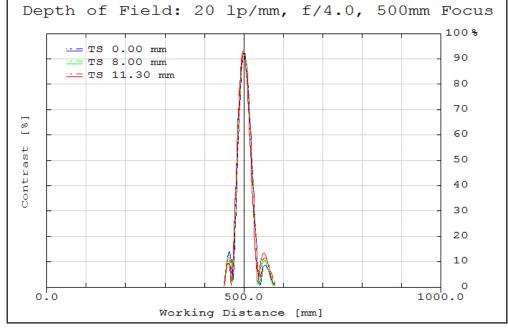


Figure 6: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). Contrast is plotted to two times the focus distance. Note object spatial frequency changes with working distance.



MTF & DOF: f/2.8 WD: 1000mm

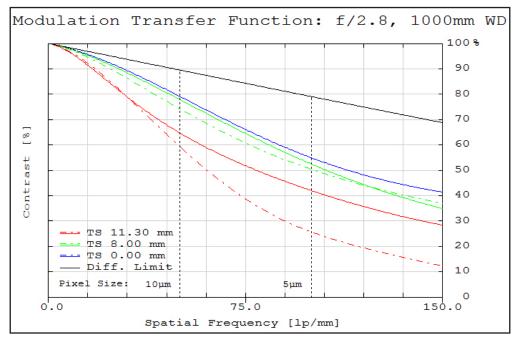


Figure 3: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for $\lambda = 486$ nm to 656nm. Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by f/#-defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

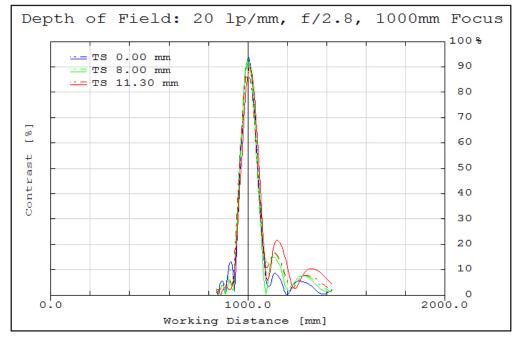


Figure 4: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). Contrast is plotted to two times the focus distance. Note object spatial frequency changes with working distance.



MTF & DOF: f/4.0 WD: 1000mm

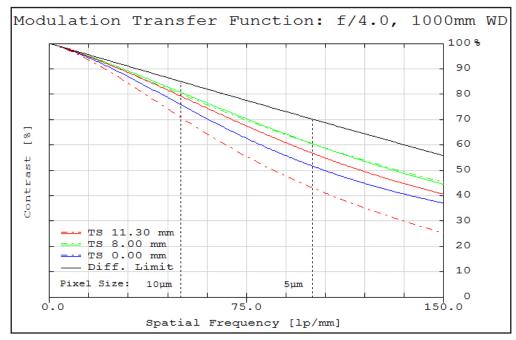


Figure 5: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for $\lambda = 486$ nm to 656nm. Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by f/#-defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

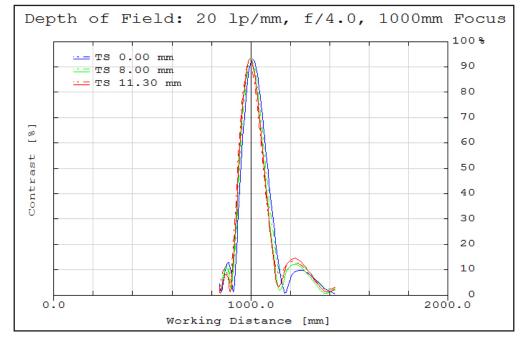


Figure 6: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). Contrast is plotted to two times the focus distance. Note object spatial frequency changes with working distance.

